

YOU ARE BEING GRADED FOR WORK

1) Give the definition of a measurable function. $f: D \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^*$ is a measurable function if D is measurable and if for each $a \in \mathbb{R}$, $\{x \in D: f(x) > a\} \in \mathcal{F}_M$ (is a measurable set).

2) Let $f, g \in \mathcal{L}(D)$. Prove $\max(f, g) \in \mathcal{L}(D)$.

$\forall t, \{x \in D: \max(f(x), g(x)) \leq t\} =$

$\{x \in D: f(x) \leq t\} \cap \{x \in D: g(x) \leq t\} \in \mathcal{F}_M$

$= \{x \in D: \max(f(x), g(x)) \leq t\}$
 $= \{x \in D: f(x) > t\}^c \cap \{x \in D: g(x) > t\}^c \in \mathcal{F}_M$

(since $\max(f(x), g(x)) \leq t$ if both $f(x) \leq t$ and $g(x) \leq t$)

both or at least one

3) Let $D = \mathbb{R}$. Then $f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow Y$ is a measurable function ($f \in \mathcal{L}(\mathbb{R})$) if for each

A) $t \in \mathbb{R}, f^{-1}[(t, \infty)] = \{x: f(x) > t\} \in \mathcal{F}_M$. Prove that $f \in \mathcal{L}(\mathbb{R})$ if $f^{-1}[(t, \infty)] =$

B) $\{x: f(x) \leq t\} = \{x \in \mathbb{R}: f(x) \leq t\} \in \mathcal{F}_M$ for each $t \in \mathbb{R}$.

If $\{x: f(x) \leq t\} \in \mathcal{F}_M \forall t$, then

$\{x: f(x) > t\}^c = \{x: f(x) \leq t\} \in \mathcal{F}_M \forall t$

$\forall t$ or \forall

want to show $B \Rightarrow A$

not $A \Rightarrow B \rightarrow$

A world
↓
rebelot

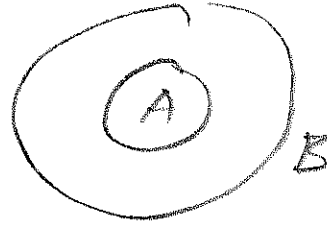
4) Let $A, B, A_i \in \mathcal{F}_M$ be measurable sets. You may assume finite additivity: if A_1, \dots, A_n are disjoint, then $m(\cup_{i=1}^n A_i) = \sum_{i=1}^n m(A_i)$. If $A \subseteq B$ and $m(B) < \infty$, prove $m(B - A) = m(B) - m(A)$.

So $m(A) < \infty$ too

$$B = A \cup (B - A)$$



disjoint



$$\therefore m(B) = m(A) + m(B - A)$$

$$\text{Thus } m(B - A) = m(B) - m(A)$$

($\neq \infty - \infty$ since $m(A) \leq m(B) < \infty$)