

2017

1) Let  $Y_1, \dots, Y_n$  be iid  $\text{Exponential}(\lambda)$  random variables.  $E(Y) = \lambda$   $V(Y) = \lambda^2$

a) Find the limiting distribution of  $\sqrt{n}(\bar{Y}_n - \lambda)$ .

$$\xrightarrow{D} \boxed{N(0, \lambda^2)}$$

by CLT

b) Find the limiting distribution of  $\sqrt{n}[(\bar{Y}_n)^2 - c]$  for appropriate constant  $c$ .

$$g(\lambda) = \lambda^2, g'(\lambda) = 2\lambda, g''(\lambda) = 2$$

$$\sqrt{n}[(\bar{Y}_n)^2 - \lambda^2] \xrightarrow{D} N(0, \lambda^2 + \lambda^2) = N(0, 4\lambda^4)$$

by delta method

c) Consider the likelihood ratio test for  $H_0 : \lambda = 1$  versus  $H_1 : \lambda \neq 1$ . Hence  $\theta = \lambda$ .

i) What is  $\hat{\theta}_0$ ?

$$\hat{\theta}_0 = \hat{\lambda}_0 = 1$$

ii) What is  $\hat{\theta}$ ?

$$\hat{\theta} = \bar{Y}_n$$

iii) Write down the rejection region and formula for  $\alpha$  in terms of  $\lambda(\mathbf{x})$ . (Do not compute  $\lambda(\mathbf{x})$ .)

reject  $H_0$  if  $|\lambda(\mathbf{x})| \leq c$

where  $P_{H_0}(|\lambda(\mathbf{x})| \leq c) = \alpha$

2) Let  $Y_1, \dots, Y_n$  be independent identically distributed random variables from a distribution with pdf

$$\frac{2}{y+y^3} \frac{1}{\lambda} \exp\left[\frac{-1}{\lambda} \log(1+y^{-2})\right]$$

where

where  $y > 0$  and  $\lambda > 0$ .

$$\left( \text{with } \lambda = \frac{1}{2} > 0 \right)$$

a) What is the UMP (uniformly most powerful) level  $\alpha$  test for  $H_0 : \lambda = 2$  vs.  $H_1 : \lambda = 4$ ?

IPRF reject  $H_0$  if  $\sum_{i=1}^n \log(1+y_i^{-2}) > k_1$

$$\text{where } P_2 \left( \sum_{i=1}^n \log(1+y_i^{-2}) > k_1 \right) = \alpha$$

$$\text{or NP } \frac{P(Y_1 | H_1)}{P(Y_1 | H_0)} = \frac{\frac{1}{4^n} \exp\left[-\frac{1}{4} \sum \log(1+y_i^{-2})\right]}{\frac{1}{2^n} \exp\left[-\frac{1}{2} \sum \log(1+y_i^{-2})\right]} > c$$

$$\text{iff } \exp\left(-\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{2}\right) \sum \log(1+y_i^{-2}) > c'$$

$$\text{iff } \sum \log(1+y_i^{-2}) > k$$

So

b) If possible, find the UMP level  $\alpha$  test for  $H_0 : \lambda = 2$  vs.  $H_1 : \lambda > 2$ .

(same as in a)