

2017

Math 580 Quiz 3 Spring 2012

Name \_\_\_\_\_

x	-2	-1	1	2
f(x) = P(X = x)	3/20	7/20	4/20	6/20

- 1) Let the discrete random variable  $X$  have a probability mass function given by the table above. a) Find the pmf of  $Y = X^2$ .

$$P(Y=y) = \begin{cases} f(x) & y=1 \\ \frac{11}{20} = .55 & \\ \frac{9}{20} = .45 & \end{cases}$$

- b) Find the moment generating function mgf of  $Y$ .

$$Ee^{tY} = Ee^{tX^2} = \left[ e^{t1} \frac{11}{20} + e^{t4} \frac{9}{20} \right] = e^{t(.55)} + e^{t4(.45)}$$

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- 2) Suppose that  $X$  is a random variable with pdf

$$f(x) = \frac{4}{\sqrt{\pi}} \gamma^{3/2} x^2 e^{-\gamma x^2}$$

where  $x > 0$  and  $\gamma > 0$ . Find the pdf of  $Y = X^2$ . Do not forget the support  $\mathcal{Y}$ .

$$Y = X^2 = t(x), \quad t(0) = 0, \quad t(\infty) = \infty \quad \text{so } \mathcal{Y} = (0, \infty)$$

$$x = \sqrt{y} = t^{-1}(y) = y^{1/2}, \quad \left| \frac{d t^{-1}(y)}{dy} \right| = \left| \frac{1}{2} y^{-1/2} \right| = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{y}}$$

$$f_Y(y) = f_X(t^{-1}(y)) \left| \frac{d t^{-1}(y)}{dy} \right|$$

$$= \frac{4}{\sqrt{\pi}} \gamma^{3/2} (\sqrt{y})^2 e^{-\gamma(\sqrt{y})^2} \frac{1}{2\sqrt{y}}$$

$$= \frac{2}{\sqrt{\pi}} \gamma^{3/2} y^{1/2} e^{-\gamma y}, \quad y > 0$$

$$= \frac{2}{\sqrt{\pi}} \gamma^{3/2} \sqrt{y} e^{-\gamma y}, \quad y > 0$$

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$$\left( \Gamma(\frac{3}{2}) = \frac{1}{2} \Gamma(\frac{1}{2}) = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\pi} \quad \text{so } \frac{2}{\sqrt{\pi}} \gamma^{3/2} \right) \quad Y \sim f(y; \gamma^2, \gamma^2 \cdot \frac{1}{2})$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial g_1} g_2 g_1^{-1} = -\frac{g_2}{g_1^2}$$

3) Suppose that  $X_1$  and  $X_2$  have joint pdf

$$f_{X_1, X_2}(x_1, x_2) = 2(1-x_1)$$

for  $0 < x_1 < 1$  and  $0 < x_2 < 1$ . Consider the transformation  $Y_1 = X_1$  and  $Y_2 = X_1 X_2$ .

a) Are  $X_1$  and  $X_2$  independent? Explain briefly.

$$\text{Yes } f_{X_1, X_2}(x_1, x_2) = [2(1-x_1)] I[1] = h_1(x_1) h_2(x_2) (= f_{X_1}(x_1) f_{X_2}(x_2))$$

on cross product support

b) Find the Jacobian  $J$  for the transformation.  $\text{or } -1$

$$x_1 = y_1 = t_1^{-1}(y_1, y_2), \quad x_2 = \frac{y_2}{y_1} = t_2^{-1}(y_1, y_2)$$

$$\frac{\partial t_1^{-1}}{\partial y_1} = 1, \quad \frac{\partial t_1^{-1}}{\partial y_2} = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial t_2^{-1}}{\partial y_1} = -\frac{y_2}{y_1^2}, \quad \frac{\partial t_2^{-1}}{\partial y_2} = \frac{1}{y_1}, \quad \text{so } J = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ -\frac{y_2}{y_1^2} & \frac{1}{y_1} \end{vmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ \frac{1}{y_1} \end{bmatrix} = 1 \quad \text{B3}$$

c) Find the joint pdf  $f(y_1, y_2)$  of  $Y_1$  and  $Y_2$ . Include the support.

$$f_{X_1, X_2}(x_1, x_2) = 2(1-x_1) I(0 < x_1 < 1) I(0 < x_2 < 1)$$

$$f_{Y_1, Y_2}(y_1, y_2) = f_{X_1, X_2}(t_1^{-1}(y_1, y_2), t_2^{-1}(y_1, y_2)) I[1] = f_{X_1, X_2}\left(\frac{y_1}{y_2}, \frac{y_2}{y_1}\right) I[1] =$$

$$\frac{2}{y_1} (1-y_1) I(0 < y_1 < 1) I(0 < \frac{y_2}{y_1} < 1) = 2 \frac{1-y_1}{y_1} I(0 < y_1 < 1) I(0 < y_2 < y_1) \\ = 2 \frac{1-y_1}{y_1} I(0 < y_2 < y_1 < 1) \quad \text{B2}$$

d) Are  $Y_1$  and  $Y_2$  independent? Explain briefly.

No the support is not a cross product

$y_2$

