

Math 584 HW 4 Spring 2021, due Thursday, Feb. 26.  
Exam 1 is Tu. Feb. 23 covering HW1-3, Q1-3.

1) Let  $\mathbf{P}$  be the projection matrix on  $C(\mathbf{X})$  so  $\mathbf{X} = \mathbf{P}\mathbf{X}$ . Let  $\hat{\boldsymbol{\theta}} = \hat{\mathbf{Y}} = \mathbf{P}\mathbf{Y}$ . Then  $\hat{\boldsymbol{\theta}} \in C(\mathbf{X})$  and  $\mathbf{P}\hat{\boldsymbol{\theta}} = \hat{\boldsymbol{\theta}}$ . Show algebraically that  $\mathbf{X}'(\mathbf{Y} - \hat{\boldsymbol{\theta}}) = 0$ .

2) (Seber 3a 1 on p. 41.) Show that if  $\mathbf{X}$  has full rank, then  $(\mathbf{Y} - \mathbf{X}\boldsymbol{\beta})'(\mathbf{Y} - \mathbf{X}\boldsymbol{\beta}) = (\mathbf{Y} - \mathbf{X}\hat{\boldsymbol{\beta}})'(\mathbf{Y} - \mathbf{X}\hat{\boldsymbol{\beta}}) + (\hat{\boldsymbol{\beta}} - \boldsymbol{\beta})'\mathbf{X}'\mathbf{X}(\hat{\boldsymbol{\beta}} - \boldsymbol{\beta})$ , and hence deduce that the left hand side is minimized uniquely when  $\boldsymbol{\beta} = \hat{\boldsymbol{\beta}}$ .

Hint: Expand  $(\mathbf{Y} - \mathbf{X}\boldsymbol{\beta})'(\mathbf{Y} - \mathbf{X}\boldsymbol{\beta}) = (\mathbf{Y} - \mathbf{X}\hat{\boldsymbol{\beta}} + \mathbf{X}\hat{\boldsymbol{\beta}} - \mathbf{X}\boldsymbol{\beta})'(\mathbf{Y} - \mathbf{X}\hat{\boldsymbol{\beta}} + \mathbf{X}\hat{\boldsymbol{\beta}} - \mathbf{X}\boldsymbol{\beta})$ , and use the result from problem 1).

3) (Seber 3a 2 on p. 41.) Assume that the first column of  $\mathbf{X}$  is a vector of ones. If  $\mathbf{X}$  has full rank, prove  $\sum_{i=1}^n (Y_i - \hat{Y}_i) = 0$ .

Hint: Consider the first column of  $\mathbf{X}$ .

4) (Seber 3a 6 on p. 41.) If  $\mathbf{X}$  has full rank, so that  $\mathbf{P} = \mathbf{X}(\mathbf{X}'\mathbf{X})^{-1}\mathbf{X}'$ , prove that  $C(\mathbf{P}) = C(\mathbf{X})$ .

Hint: this problem is similar to a problem from Quiz 3.

5) (Seber 3a 7 on p. 42.) For a general regression model in which  $\mathbf{X}$  may not have full rank, show that  $\sum_{i=1}^n \hat{Y}_i(Y_i - \hat{Y}_i) = 0$ .

Hint:  $\hat{\mathbf{Y}} = \mathbf{P}\mathbf{Y}$  even if  $\mathbf{X}$  is not full rank.