

1) Consider the multiple linear regression model $\mathbf{Z} = \mathbf{W}\boldsymbol{\eta} + \boldsymbol{\epsilon}$ where \mathbf{W} has full rank $p - 1$, $E(\boldsymbol{\epsilon}) = \mathbf{0}$, and $Cov(\boldsymbol{\epsilon}) = \sigma^2 \mathbf{I}_n$.

a) What is the (formula for the) projection matrix \mathbf{P} onto the column space of \mathbf{W} ?

$$\mathbf{P} = \mathbf{W} (\mathbf{W}^T \mathbf{W})^{-1} \mathbf{W}^T$$

b) What is the OLS estimator $\hat{\boldsymbol{\eta}}$?

$$\hat{\boldsymbol{\eta}} = (\mathbf{W}^T \mathbf{W})^{-1} \mathbf{W}^T \mathbf{z}$$

c) What is the vector of fitted values $\hat{\mathbf{Z}}$?

$$\hat{\mathbf{Z}} = \mathbf{P} \mathbf{z} = \mathbf{W} (\mathbf{W}^T \mathbf{W})^{-1} \mathbf{W}^T \mathbf{z} = \mathbf{W} \hat{\boldsymbol{\eta}}$$

d) What is the residual vector \mathbf{e} ?

$$\mathbf{e} = (\mathbf{I} - \mathbf{P}) \mathbf{z} = \mathbf{z} - \hat{\mathbf{Z}}$$

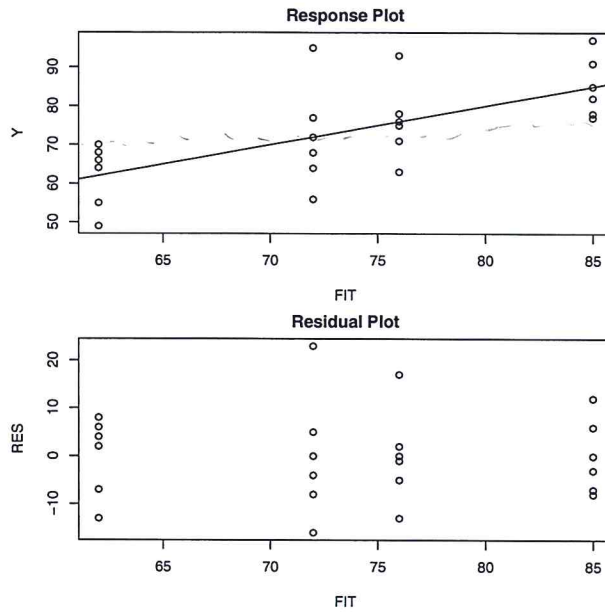


Figure 1: Plots for Donut Data

2) Following Snedecor and Cochran (1967, p. 259) studied the amount of fat absorbed by donuts using 4 types of fat. Let μ_i denote the mean amount of fat i absorbed by doughnuts, $i = 1, 2, 3$ and 4. The least squares estimators of μ_i for the one way Anova model were $\bar{Y}_{10} = 72$, $\bar{Y}_{20} = 85$, $\bar{Y}_{30} = 76$, and $\bar{Y}_{40} = 62$.

a) Do the plots suggest that linearity is reasonable?

yes

b) Let R_i be the range of the i th dot plot. Then $R_1 = 39$, $R_2 = 20$, $R_3 = 30$, and $R_4 = 21$. Is $\max(R_1, R_2, R_3, R_4) < 2 \min(R_1, R_2, R_3, R_4)$?

yes $39 < 2(20) = 40$

c) Why does the response plot suggest that μ_4 is the smallest of the four means?

The sample means of the other 3 dot plots lie above the largest value of the 1st dot plot.