

short

- 1) Consider the multivariate linear regression model $Z = XB + E$.
- a) What is the least squares estimator \hat{B} ?

$$(X^T X)^{-1} X^T Z$$

- b) What is \hat{E} .

$$(I - P) Z$$

- c) There are three tests for testing $H_0 : LB = 0$. Name one of the tests.

Hotelling Lawley
 or Wilk's (lambda)
 or Pillai's (trace)

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- 2) Assuming the assumptions of the multivariate least squares central limit theorem hold, what is the limiting distribution of $\sqrt{n} \text{vec}(\hat{B} - B)$?

$$\sqrt{n} \text{vec}(\hat{B} - B) \xrightarrow{D} N_{pm} \left(0, \Sigma \otimes W \right)$$

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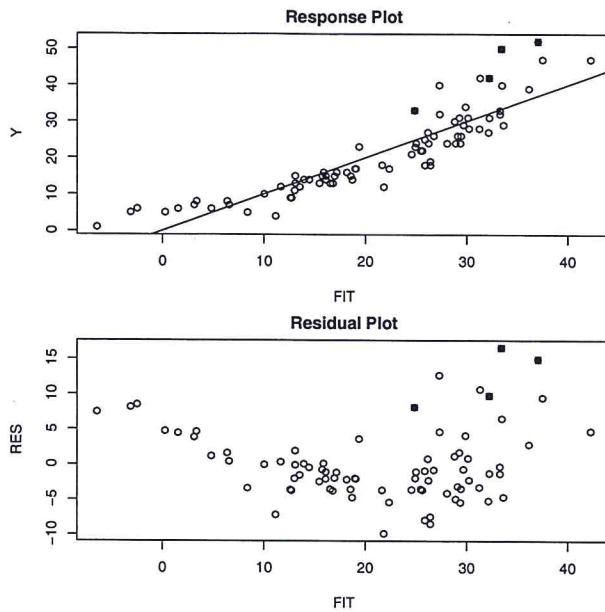


Figure 1: Plots for Mussels Data

3) Consider a data set on 82 mussels sampled off the coast of New Zealand. Let $Y_1 = \log(S)$ and $Y_2 = \log(M)$ where S is the shell mass and M is the muscle mass. The predictors are $X_2 = L$, $X_3 = \log(W)$, and $X_4 = H$: the shell length, $\log(\text{width})$, and height.

The above plots occur when the mreg model is fit using Y_1 , but $Y_2 = M$ was used instead of $Y_2 = \log(M)$. Do the plotted points scatter about the identity line and resid = 0 lines in roughly evenly populated bands?

NO there is curvature }

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